



Paper Type: Original Article

## Reviewing the Application of Data Analysis in Managing Venture Capital

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### Citation:

Received: 12 March 2024

Revised: 25 May 2024

Accepted: 10 July 2024

Ghasempour, R., & Rahmani, M., Mansourian, Y., Mirzaeian Aghamahalli, S. (2024). Reviewing the application of data analysis in managing venture capital. *Management analytics and social insights*, 1 (1), 145-153.

### Abstract

This research comprehensively analyzes the application of data analysis within the Venture Capital (VC) market, emphasizing the burgeoning intersection of technology, data science, and finance to guide astute investment decisions. Recognizing the complexities inherent in VC, this study begins by elucidating the concept of VC, outlining its operational challenges, and explaining the sector's considerable potential for innovation and growth. Subsequent sections delve into applying rigorous analytical methodologies across various segments of the VC market. The research methodology involves a meticulous compilation of primary and secondary data. Primary data was systematically gathered through questionnaires targeted at relevant stakeholders in the VC domain. In contrast, secondary data was sourced from a comprehensive literature review, including academic journals, industry-specific websites, and other relevant publications. The analysis used statistical tools, such as graphical representations, mean averages, and advanced tests, including Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) and the Chi-square test, to ensure robust and reliable insights. This paper aims to enhance strategic investment decisions in the VC sector by offering detailed analytical perspectives.

**Keywords:** Venture capital, Data analysis, Risk management, Chi-square, Artificial intelligence.

## 1 | Introduction

Data analysis plays an important role in Venture Capital (VC) decisions. By analyzing data on a wide range of factors, including industry trends, market size, peer financial benchmarks, and market conditions, VCs can

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create more accurate models for company valuation. This approach ensures that they invest at the right price and maximizes returns for investors. In a world driven by data, VC is first introduced. Then, we examine several approaches in data analysis, for example, the power of data and machine learning to get in early on companies with the potential to disrupt industries, streamline internal operations, and support portfolio companies. However, data analysis helps investors identify and mitigate these risks more effectively. Using publicly available data sets to evaluate investment opportunities, investors can make evidence-based choices to understand the downsides of truly planning. This article is to know how data analysis is used in VC. We introduce VC and examine several data analysis approaches, such as machine learning, job opportunities, and data and intelligence.

First, we introduce VC and its challenges. We describe the application of each key sector in the VC market. We describe the types of data analysis and the approach of machine learning and artificial intelligence in VC. In the end, we discuss based on the primary and secondary data collected from the questionnaire and the secondary data from the literature review, research articles, websites, and articles.

This research will be done based on primary and secondary data over a while. The primary data from the questionnaire and the secondary data from the literature review, research articles, websites, and articles were collected and analyzed practically and logically to conclude. Statistical tools used for data analysis, graphs, mean, and various tests like ANOVA, Chi-square, etc.

## 2 | Review of Literature

Vaishali Pagaria [1] brings a few insights into VC Financing, which they have considered as an alternative source of finance for entrepreneurs who want to start something new. According to this study, VC Financing is a source in which investors share risk, contributing to the company's growth. This study shows the characteristics and importance of innovative business ideas amongst entrepreneurs and how VC financing differs from traditional sources of finance [2]. This article engaged a systematic literature review by exploring the leading internationally published articles in business venturing. Several authors investigated the impact of VC focused on VC-backed firms' performance and total factor productivity. Recent extant literature concludes that VC-backed firms outperform non-VC-backed companies in terms of sales revenue growth, increase in profitability, returns on assets, and returns on investment. Still, other scholars suggest that VC financing has inconsequential or negative implications on the growth of funded companies. The disparity in the theoretical domain and fragmented conclusions in the empirical literature leaves the researchers questioning how VC financing spurs the performance of funded firms. This paper critically analyzes extant literature, highlighting research gaps and an agenda for future research. Azizi et al. [3] proposed a novel method for estimating the volatility of Bitcoin that involves several advanced analytical steps. The process primarily relies on historical data, crucial for understanding Bitcoin price movements.

## 3 | Venture Capital

Several VC firms are actively investing in data and analytics startups. For instance, Khosla Ventures, Hoxton Ventures, Balderton Capital, Lightspeed Venture partners, and firstmark capital are some of the top VC investors in this sector. These firms recognize the transformative power of the industry and are keen to champion the companies working on problems worth solving [4].

VC generally comes from investors, investment banks, and financial institutions. It can also be provided as technical or managerial expertise[1]. VC ists offer backing through financing, technological expertise, or managerial experience. VC firms raise money from Limited Partners (LPs) to invest in promising startups or larger venture funds. VC is essential for raising money, especially if startups need access to capital markets, bank loans, or other debt instruments. It focuses on emerging companies, while private equity funds established companies seeking an equity infusion [4].

According to the research by Mohammad Tanzeem Raza [5], VC financing allows young entrepreneurs to start new businesses. VC also plays a crucial role in developing an entrepreneur's dynamic thinking as it brings

insight into unique featured products or services and returns to investors. According to this review, entrepreneurs have new ideas but are poor and unemployed.

Therefore, VC financing plays an important role in getting an investment in finance, expert advice, and little other non-monetary support. This financing has a powerful impact on the newly emergent growth of an economy and investment criteria [6].

VC could be an important financial intermediary targeting firms that seek to make financial gains from their research and scientific know-how while approaching later stages in the innovation and commercialization cycle [7].

In summary, VC is a crucial part of the financial landscape, providing necessary funding and support to startups and small businesses with significant growth potential. Following are several introductions to the concept of VC:

- I. Investopedia's Introduction: VC is a form of private equity financing for startup companies and small businesses with long-term growth potential. VC generally comes from investors, investment banks, and financial institutions[8].
- II. MBA Knowledge Base's Introduction: VC is considered to be financing high- and new-technology enterprises. It involves investment in new or relatively untried technology initiated by relatively new and professionally or technically qualified entrepreneurs with inadequate funds.
- III. BYJU'S Introduction: entrepreneurs need investments for their startup companies. The assets or the capital these entrepreneurs receive from wealthy investors is called VC, and the investors are called Venture Capitalists.

Each of these sources provides a slightly different perspective on VC. Still, they all agree on the basic concept. It's a type of financing provided to startups and small businesses that are believed to have long-term growth potential.

### **3.1 | Importance of Study VC**

VC plays a crucial role in business and innovation. Let's delve into its significance.

#### **Fueling innovation and growth**

- I. VC provides financing to startups and small businesses with long-term growth potential.
- II. It enables entrepreneurs to realize their ideas by providing capital, industry expertise, and connections.
- III. Startups often lack access to capital markets or traditional bank loans, making VC an essential funding source.

#### **Supporting high-growth firms**

- I. VC is associated with some of the most influential firms globally. For instance, several publicly traded companies, including Alphabet, Apple, Amazon, Facebook, and Microsoft, received VC backing before their IPOs.
- II. VC-backed firms represent less than 0.5% of new U.S. companies yearly, they constitute nearly half of the entrepreneurial companies that eventually go public [8].

#### **Types of VC**

- I. Pre-Seed: founders turn ideas into concrete business plans at the earliest stage, often seeking mentorship and early funding [5].
- II. Early-stage funding: additional capital is needed to ramp up production and sales after product development.

### Historical significance

Georges Doriot, often called the Father of VC, founded the American research and development corporation in 1946. His investments in companies commercializing WWII technologies exemplify VC's impact [9].

In summary, VC fuels innovation, supports high-growth firms, and is a vital startup funding source. Its role extends beyond mere financing, contributing to the dynamic landscape of entrepreneurship and technological advancement.

## 3.2 | Growth of VC Investing in Europe

### 2022 European VC activity

- I. In 2022, European VC activity experienced a slowdown compared to previous years.
- II. Total investment: Approximately €91.6 billion was invested across 12,383 deals.
- III. This represented 15.9% in deal count year-over-year declines and 4.9% in total investment value.

### Trends and takeaways

- I. Venture growth and late-stage deals accounted for 65.6% of the total deal value, up from the previous year.
- II. Nontraditional investors continued to participate actively in European rounds.
- III. Despite reduced IPO appetite, exit value still reached its third-largest total.
- IV. Fundraising hit a record high of €25.4 billion, although the number of vehicles decreased.

### AI revolution

- I. AI startups in Europe raised \$5.8 billion in 2022.
- II. Notable investments included companies like Aleph Alpha (Germany), Mistral AI (France), Poolside (France), DeepL (Germany), and Synthesia (UK).

### Quarterly findings (Q4 2023)

- I. Funding to European startups in Q4 2023 reached \$10.6 billion, down 23% year over year.
- II. Late-stage funding saw a significant decline, while early-stage funding remained steady.

In summary, while European VC activity faced challenges in 2022, it remained resilient. AI startups and early-stage investments continue to drive innovation and growth in the European venture ecosystem [10].

## 4 | Data Analyze

Since analyzing raw data is to find trends and answer questions, the definition of data analysis covers a wide range of fields. The data analytics process has components that can contribute to various initiatives. Combining these components, a successful data analytics initiative provides a clear picture of where you are, where you've been, and where you need to go. Data analytics is a broad term that encompasses many different types of analysis. Any information can be subjected to data analytics techniques to gain insight that can be used to improve things. Data analysis techniques can reveal trends and metrics that would otherwise be lost in the mass of information.

### 4.1 | Types of Data Analyze

There are four types of data analytics discussed below:

- I. Descriptive analysis: what happened and what is happening now? Descriptive analysis of historical and current data uses multiple sources to describe the current situation by identifying trends and patterns. In business analysis, Business Intelligence (BI) is very important.

- II. Diagnostic analysis: diagnostic analysis uses data to discover factors or reasons for past performance.
- III. Predictive analytics: What is likely to happen in the future? Predictive analytics applies statistical modelling, forecasting, and machine learning to the output of descriptive and diagnostic analytics to predict future outcomes. Predictive analytics is often considered a form of "advanced analytics" and frequently depends on machine learning or deep learning.
- IV. Prescriptive analysis: what should we do? Prescriptive analysis is a type of advanced analysis that involves the use of testing and other techniques to create specific solutions that also provide desirable results. In business, predictive analytics uses machine learning, business rules, and algorithms.

## 4.2 | Machine Learning and AI Approach

Machine Learning (ML) has significantly impacted the VC landscape, revolutionizing how investors identify promising startups and make informed decisions. Here's how ML is transforming VC.

### Predicting startup success

Vcs can leverage ML to analyze large and diverse datasets, including historical data, textual information, and numerical metrics. By identifying trends, patterns, and correlations, ML models can predict which startups will likely succeed in the long term.

### Data-driven decision-making

Traditional VC decisions often rely on gut feelings or heuristics, which can be biased and suboptimal. ML provides a more objective approach by analyzing data, allowing investors to make informed choices based on evidence [10].

### Identifying market gaps and trends

ML algorithms can spot emerging market trends and gaps that might go unnoticed. By analyzing vast amounts of information, including industry reports, news articles, and social media data, ML helps VCs stay ahead of the curve.

### Portfolio management

ML assists in managing investment portfolios by optimizing allocation strategies. It can recommend diversification, risk management, and adjustments based on real-time performance data.

### Matching co-investors and deals

ML algorithms can identify potential co-investors with complementary interests and expertise. This collaborative approach enhances deal sourcing and due diligence.

### Competitor intelligence

ML models can analyze competitors' landscapes, helping VCs understand market dynamics and competitive advantages. Insights gained from ML-driven analyses inform investment strategies.

ML and Artificial Intelligence (AI) are reshaping VC by providing data-driven insights, improving decision-making, and enhancing the investment process. ML's role in VC will only grow stronger as technology evolves, and VC fuels entrepreneurial ventures and drives job growth, contributing significantly to the U.S. economy [11], [12].

## 5 | Research Methodology

This research study is based on primary and secondary data over the current period. Credibility value is a reasonable solution when investors face ambiguity or lack of historical data and when avoiding normally or symmetrically distributed assumptions is needed [13]. The primary data was collected from the questionnaire, and secondary data was collected from the literature review, research papers, websites, and articles.

### 5.1 | Tools of Analysis

The primary and secondary data collected for the study were analyzed practically and logically to find a conclusion. The statistical tools applied for data analysis are graphs, averages, and various tests like ANOVA and chi-square in *Table 1-4* [4].

### 5.2 | Hypothesis

**Hypothesis 1-** Various factors are not important for VC Financing.

**Hypothesis 2-** There is no significant impact of terms preferred for fundraising on gender.

**Hypothesis 3-** The income & risk level of investment in VC are independent of each other.

**Table 1. Anova single factor [4].**

Summary Groups	Count	Sum	Average	Variance
Funding for business	60	126	2.1	0.09152
Brand Image	60	139	2.3166	0.32175
Technical Assistance	60	149	2.4833	0.38954
Funding from other sources	60	155	2.5833	0.34887
Corporate Governance	60	165	2.75	0.49576

**Table 2. Anova source of variation.**

Anova Source of Variation	Df	MS	F	P-value	F crit
between groups	14.9466	4	3.7366	11.3407	2.4022
Within groups	97.2	295	0.3295	-	-
Total	112.1467	299	-	-	-

**Table 3. Chi-square [4].**

Fo	Fe	Fo-Fe	(Fo-Fe)^2	(Fo-Fe)^2/Fe
28	27.95	0.05	0.0025	8.94454E-05
11	11.05	-0.05	0.0025	0.000226244
15	15.05	-0.05	0.0025	0.000166113
6	5.95	0.05	0.0025	0.000420168
SUM	-	-	-	0.000901971
5	4.55	0.45	0.2025	0.044505495
8	8.45	-0.45	0.2025	0.023964497
6	4.9	1.1	1.21	0.246938776
8	9.1	-1.1	1.21	0.132967033
8	9.1	-1.1	1.21	0.132967033
18	15.6	2.4	5.76	0.369230769
2	2.1	-0.1	0.01	0.004761905
4	3.9	0.1	0.01	0.002564103
0	0.35	-0.35	0.1225	0.35
1	0.65	0.35	0.1225	0.188461538
SUM	-	-	-	1.496361148

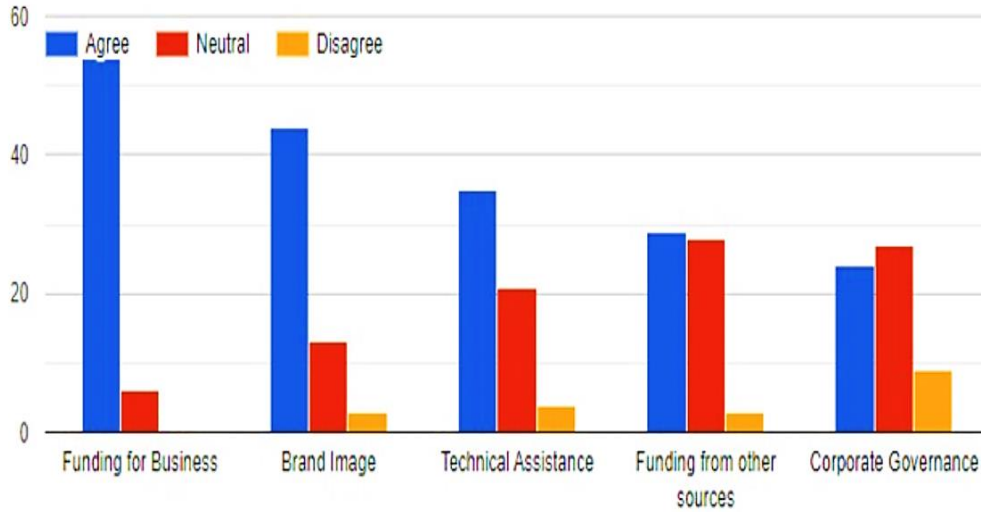


Fig. 1. According to you, what is the importance of VC financing [4].

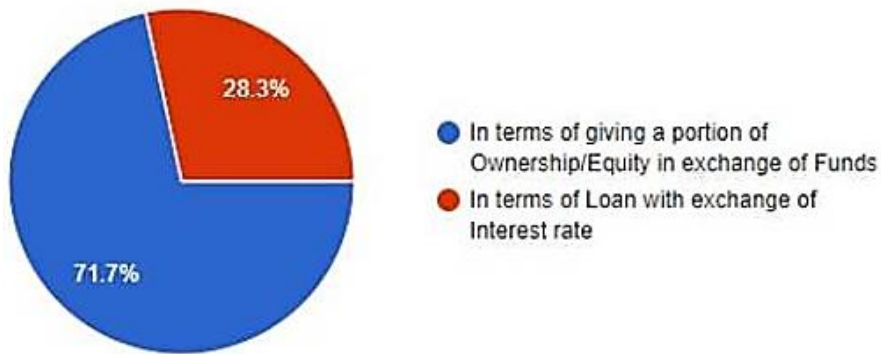


Fig. 2. For fundraising, which terms would you prefer more [4]?

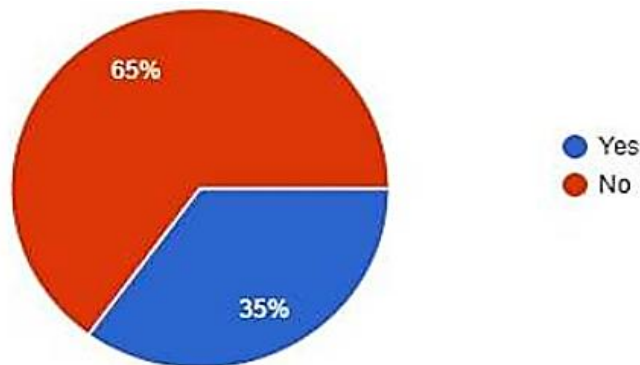


Fig. 3. Would you like to invest in a business venture that has much higher level of risk [4].

## 6 | Conclusion

VC represents a shift towards economic growth and presents numerous entrepreneurial opportunities. VC gives a ray of light to develop ideas to start a business with unique features. This research reviews the application of data analysis on VC investment, in which we have discussed the definitions of VC investment and the importance of this issue. Then, we started the methods and approaches of data analysis and machine

learning, and in the end, we applied a statistical questionnaire method for a startup. Considering the importance and new challenges of risky investment, new methods of data analysis and machine learning should be determined to accurately value the risk of startups so that shareholders and investors have more motivation to invest in this sector. VC supports entrepreneurs in developing their products/services by offering unique features. Also, government policies are provided to monitor VC activities for the safety and protection of entrepreneurs. The government should provide incentives and tax breaks for VC investments that benefit investors and investors. Entrepreneurs should also offer regular responses regarding the output of implemented strategies.

## Author Contribution

R. Ghasempour; Methodology, Software. M. Rahmani: validation and investigation. Y. Mansourian: writing, formal analysis, creating the initial design. S. Mirzaeian Aghamahalli: conceptualization and editing. All authors have read and agreed to the published version of the manuscript.

## Funding

This research received no external funding.

## Data Availability

All the data are available in this paper.

## Conflicts of Interest

The authors declare no conflict of interest.

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